GUATEMALA

YOUR NEARSHORE DESTINATION



GUATEMALA



Capital:

Guatemala City

Area:

108,889 km²

Official language:

Spanish, 22 Mayan languages, 1 Garifuna and 1 Xinca

Form of government:

Democratic republic

Head of State:

President

Time zone:

UTC-6

Currency:

Quetzal (Q)



Population 2018:

16,346,950

Economically active

population (EAP) 2018: 5,110,010 (Central America's largest EAP)



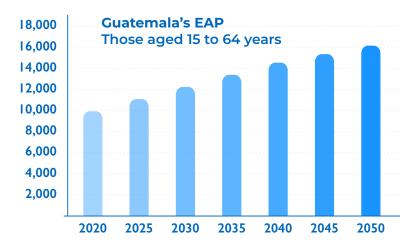
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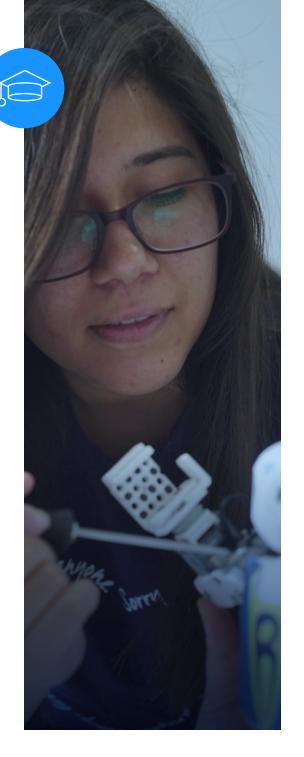
AT COUNTRY LEVEL:

- **HUMAN TALENT**
- 9,091,281 Working age population (WAP)
- 5,110,010 Economically active population (EAP)
- 28% of the population in the working age between 15 -24 years And 72% is 25 years or older

GUATEMALA CITY

- Guatemala City was awarded as Major City Best for Cost Effectiveness in the fDi American Cities of the Future ranking for 2019/20.
- Guatemala City's win showcases its foreign direct investment capabilities in terms of cost effective talent:
 - 1st place on average annual salary for an unskilled worker (\$)
 - 4th place on average annual salary for a semi-skilled and skilled worker (\$)







Economic Growth 2018/2019:

3.8% interannual

GDP 2019¹:

US\$ 77.3 billion

GDP per capita 2018:

US\$ 4,534.8

Foreign direct investment 2019:

US\$ 998.2 million

Remittances 2019:

US\$ 10.59 billion

Exports 2019:

US\$ 11.17 billion

Imports 2019:

US\$ 19.88 billion

Tax revenue 2019:

US\$ 8.69 billion

Foreign exchange reserves 2019:

US\$ 14.78 billion

Exchange rate average 2019:

Q.7.65 = US\$1

¹Millions of quetzales in chained volume measurements with reference year 2013.

ESTIMATED ECONOMIC PARTICIPATION AT REGIONAL LEVEL



GUATEMALA 38.9%



EL SALVADOR 12.9%



HONDURAS 11.8%



NICARAGUA 6.5%



COSTA RICA 29.9%

4 OUT OF 10 PRODUCTS ARE MADE IN GUATEMALA



- Top 10 in Latin America and the Caribbean in the macroeconomic stability pillar of the Global Competitiveness Index (2018).
- GDP US\$77.3 billion, the biggest economy in Central America.
- Solid financial system, US\$47.71 billion of total assets.
- Moderate and stable inflation rate, 4% average in the last 12 years.
- US\$14.78 billion in foreign exchange reserves, the largest in Central America.
- Lowest government debt in Central America and one of the lowest in Latin America (24.6%).
- Investment grade (2019) Fitch Ratings (BB stable), Moody´s (Balstable), Standard
 & Poor´s (BB stable), OCDE (4)
- 24.8% the lowest sovereign debt of the GDP in Central America.
- US\$ 69.59 billion, Central American country with the highest household final consumption.







Direct access to the coastlines on both the Pacific and Atlantic Oceans (402 km between both coastlines)



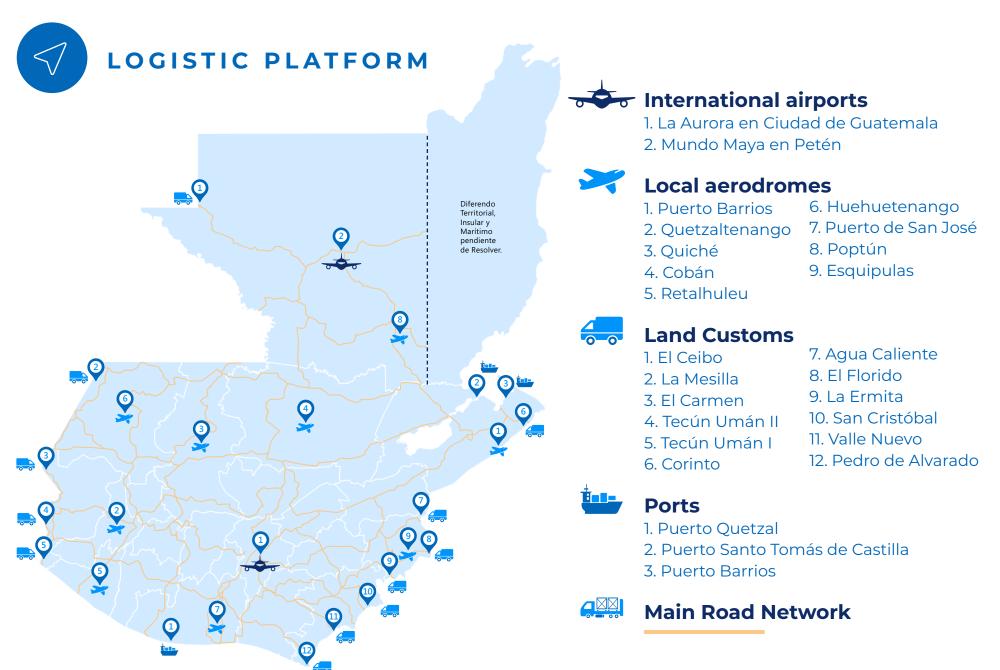
Connectivity: 2 international airports, 9 local aerodromes, 22 commercial airlines and 11 cargo airlines.



The second largest sea freight operation in Central America (17.89%), after Panama, in 3 ports: Santo Tomás de Castilla and Puerto Barrios in the Atlantic Coast and Puerto Quetzal in the Pacific Coast.



Central America's largest installed capacity for energy production 4,073.8 MW-YR, above Costa Rica (3,529.9 MW-YR) and Panama (3,336.1 MW-YR). Guatemala has the most competitive price of energy US\$55.20 / MWh (average of the last three years).



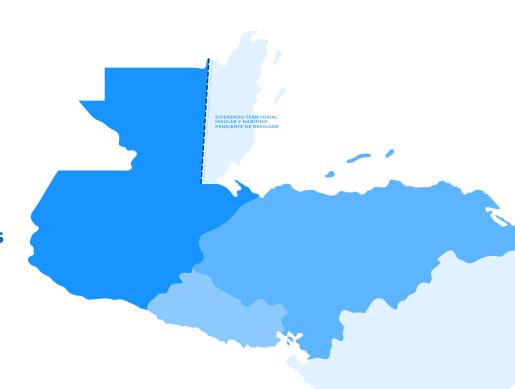


- * Gateway to the largest Hispanic American market, Mexico, US\$ 1,223.8 billion GDP.
- Closeness and Free Trade Agreement with the United States, the largest market in the world, US\$ 20,494.100 billion GDP.
- Preferential access to the Central American market of US\$ 266 billion
- Access to the European market through the European Union Central American Association Agreement (EU-CAAA)

GUATEMALA YOUR NEARSHORE DESTINATION

- The customs union between Guatemala, Honduras and El Salvador represents **75%** of the region's population (33 million out of 44 million Central Americans) and **48.5%** of the regional GDP.
 - More than 77% of products are now in free circulation and 98% of tariffs are harmonised
 - Commercial exchange of more than
 US\$ 3.89 billion in 2019.
 - The implementation of the Central American Single Invoice and Declaration (FYDUCA in Spanish) reduced the process time from 11 hours to 5 minutes.
 - Reduction of transit time from 55 to 6 hours.

- Trade grew 10.6% in the last semester with respect to trade in 2019.
- Taxes are paid in 6 hours in average.





GLOBAL COMPETITIVENESS INDEX 2019

- 1st place in Latin America in entrepreneurial culture and attitudes towards entrepreneurial risk
- 2nd place in Latin America in soundness of banks and domestic competition
- 5th place in Latin America in electricity supply quality and competition in professional services

2020 DOING BUSINESS RANKING:

Guatemala was one of the five Latin American countries that improved in the 2020 Doing Business Report:

- Dealing with Construction PermitsIndicator
- **O Protecting Minority Investors Indicator**
- Trading Across Borders Indicator

This due to recurring efforts in e-Government, among other reasons.

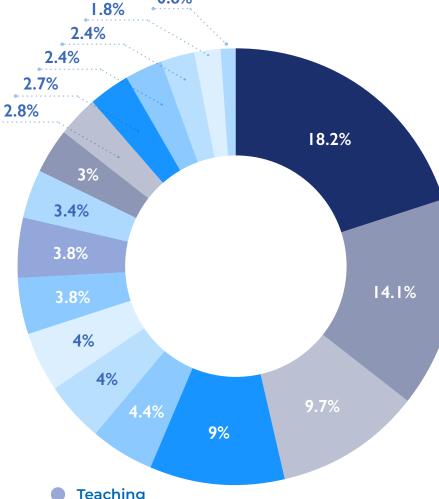
- IN THE 2019 DOING BUSINESS RANKING, GUATEMALA IMPROVED 50 POSITIONS.
 - 1st place in Latin America and the Caribbean in **starting a business.**



GROSSDOMESTIC PRODUCT



- Trade and repair of vehicles
- **Manufacturing industries**
- **Farming**
- Real estate activities
- **Building**
- Public administration and defense
- Other service activities
- Financial and insurance activities

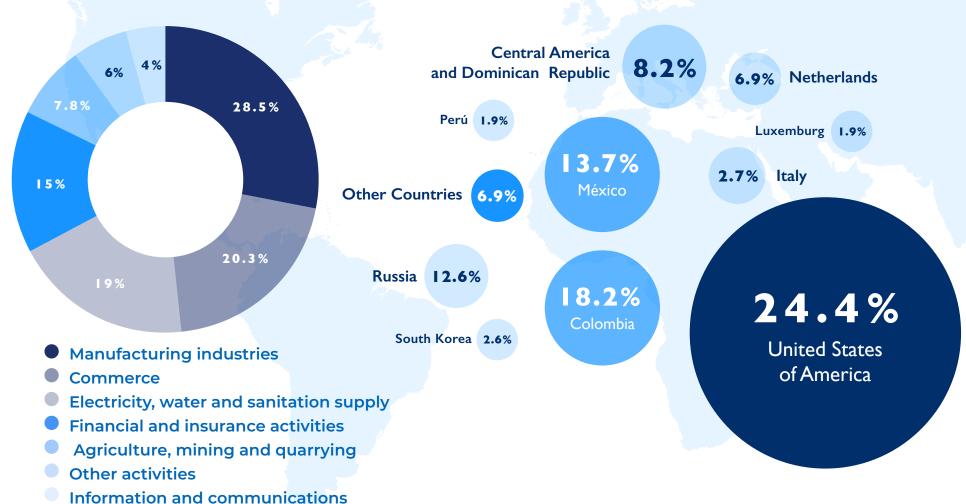


0.8%

- **Teaching**
- Administrative services activities
- Accommodation and food service activities
- **Electricity and water supply**
- **Transport and storage**
- Professional, scientific and technical activities
- Human health care activities
- **Information and Communications**
- Mining and quarrying



Accumulated FDI TO 2019



ACCUMULATED FDI US\$ 13.59 BILLION (2007 - DECEMBER 2019)



TRADE AGREEMENTS

* PSA – Partial scope agreement

Belize Cuba Ecuador Venezuela

FTA – Free trade agreement

Chile
Chinese Taipei
Colombia
Dominican Republic
United States of America
United Kingdom
Mexico
Panama
Central American

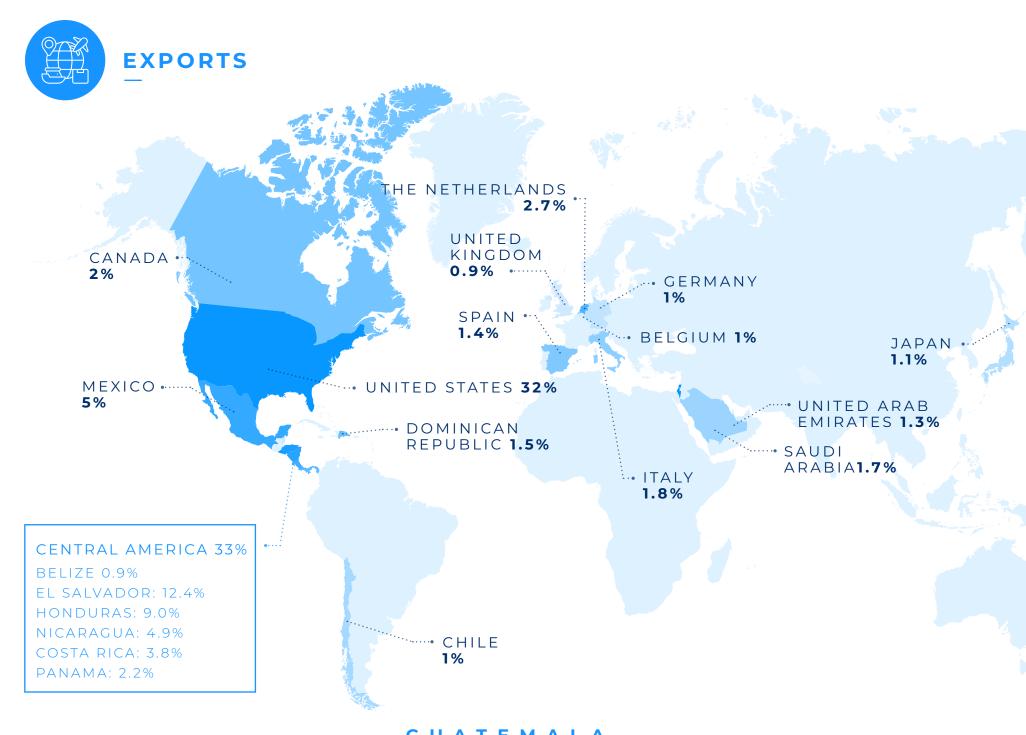
* Association Agreement European Union

Economic Integration

BILATERAL INVESTMENT TREATIES

Argentina, Austria, Belgium-Luxembourg Economic Union, Chile, Cuba, Czech Republic,

Finland, France, Germany, Israel, Italy, The Netherlands, Republic of Korea, Spain, Switzerland, Chinese Taipei, Trinidad and Tobago, Turkey, Sweden.





US\$11.17 BILLION WE EXPORT 4,000 + PRODUCTS TO 148 MARKETS

2ND PLACE Papayas (18.4%) **Watermelon** (12.9%)

To the US and 5th place worldwide:

3RD MAIN EXPORTER

of coffee

in Latin America and 8th place in the world

1ST PLACE
Worldwide:
Cardamom
Snow peas

To the US: **Bananas** (38%) **Plantain** (33.9%) **Melons** (50.6%)

4TH PLACE

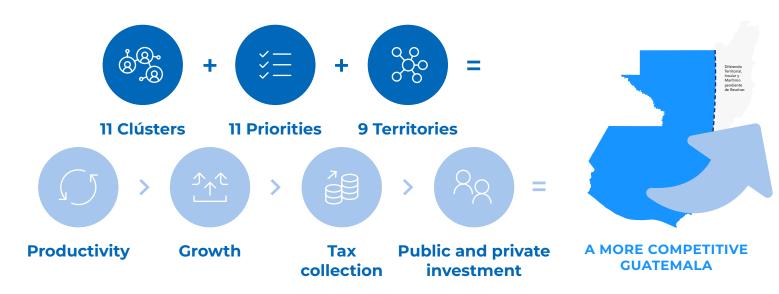
Sugar to the US and 5th to the world



OTHER EMERGENING PRODUCTS

Which have experienced export growth in the last 5 years: Textiles: cotton and synthetic fiber shirts, pullovers, pants Corrugated paper or cardboard products · Electricity · Bakery, pastry and cookie products Non-alcoholic drinks · Almond and palm oils · Shrimp · Rum and brandy.

NATIONAL COMPETITIVENESS POLICY 2018-2032



STRATEGIC PRIORITIES



HORIZONTAL AGENDA:

Country level strategic imperatives



VERTICAL AGENDA:

Sectorial limitations at the local level



Corruption



Security



Rule of Law



Erradicate chronic malnutri-



Education Quality



Reduce bureaucracv costs



Improve infrastructure and multimodal logistics



Sustainability of energy supply



Enhance R&D and innovation



Promote an entrepreneurial foreign direct ecosystem



Attract investment

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PRIORITISED CLUSTERS

(t) 11 CLUSTERS



Forestry



Fruits and vegetables



Textile, apparel and footware



Processed foods



Beverages



Light manufacturing



Metalworking



Tourism and wellbeing services



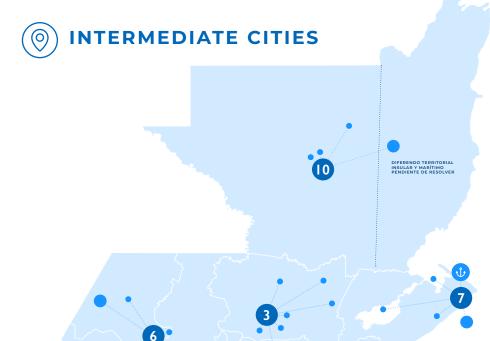
Transport and logistics



ICT, software and contact centres



Construction industry



- 1 Metropolitan area
- **2** Los Altos City
- **3** Las Verapaces City
- **4** Guatemágica City
- **5** East City

- **6 Northwest City**
- **7** Puerto Barrios Port City
- 8 San José Port City
- **9 Panchoy Touristic City**
- 10 Peten Touristic City

GUATEMALA



LEGAL FRAMEWORK FOR INVESTMENT







DECREE 9-98

DECREE 94-200

DECREE 65-89

DECREE 22-73

Foreign Investment Act Free currency negotiation

Free Economic Zones

Santo Tomas de Castilla's Free Trade and Industry Zone Act



DECREE 16-2010

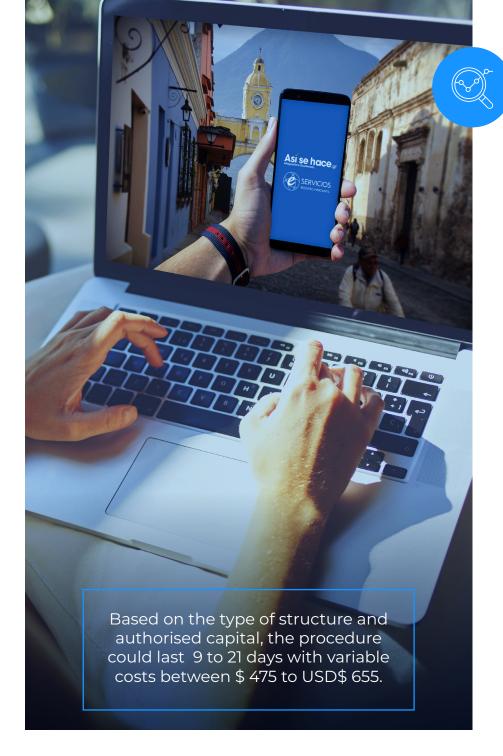
DECREE 52-2003

DECREE 29-89

Economic Infrastructure
Development Alliances
Act

Renewable Energy Projects Development Act Export Promotion Act





HOW TO START A BUSINESS IN GUATEMALA?

CORPORATE STRUCTURES:

- Limited Liability Company the most popular in Guatemala
- Foreign Company
 Parent company branch
- Acquisition of an existing company Buying stocks

PROCESS:

- Obtain the legal documents.
 - Open a bank account.
- Register in one-stop shop **minegocio.gt** website:
 - Registro Mercantil
 - Superintendencia de Administración Tributaria (SAT)
 - Instituto Guatemalteco de Seguridad Social (IGSS)
 - Ministerio de Trabajo y Previsión Social (MINTRAB)











Guatemala City is the winner Major City – Best for Cost Effectiveness on the fDi American Cities of the Future ranking for 2019/20 according to fDi Intelligence, Financial Times



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investinguate@pronacom.org T. (+502) 2421-2464 www.pronacom.org Programa Nacional de Competitividad



