

TABLE 1.1 Ease of doing business ranking

Rank	Economy	EODB score	EODB score change	Rank	Economy	EODB score	EODB score change	Rank	Economy	EODB score	EODB score change
1	New Zealand	86.59	0.00	65	Colombia	69.24	+0.20	129	Barbados	56.78	0.00
2	Singapore	85.24	+0.27	66	Luxembourg	69.01	0.00	130	St. Vincent and the Grenadines	56.35	+0.01
3	Denmark	84.64	+0.59	67	Costa Rica	68.89	-0.47	131	Cabo Verde	55.95	+0.02
4	Hong Kong SAR, China	84.22	+0.04	68	Peru	68.83	+0.56	132	Nicaragua	55.64	+0.37
5	Korea, Rep.	84.14	-0.01	69	Vietnam	68.36	+1.59	133	Palau	55.59	+0.01
6	Georgia	83.28	+0.48	70	Kyrgyz Republic	68.33	+2.57	134	Guyana	55.57	-1.21
7	Norway	82.95	+0.25	71	Ukraine	68.25	+0.94	135	Mozambique	55.53	+1.78
8	United States	82.75	-0.01	72	Greece	68.08	-0.12	136	Pakistan	55.31	+2.53
9	United Kingdom	82.65	+0.33	73	Indonesia	67.96	+1.42	137	Togo	55.20	+6.32
10	Macedonia, FYR	81.55	+0.32	74	Mongolia	67.74	+0.27	138	Cambodia	54.80	+0.41
11	United Arab Emirates	81.28	+2.37	75	Jamaica	67.47	+0.55	139	Maldives	54.43	+0.10
12	Sweden	81.27	0.00	76	Uzbekistan	67.40	+1.08	140	St. Kitts and Nevis	54.36	+0.01
13	Taiwan, China	80.90	+0.24	77	India	67.23	+6.63	141	Senegal	54.15	+0.37
14	Lithuania	80.83	+0.29	78	Oman	67.19	-0.02	142	Lebanon	54.04	+0.07
15	Malaysia	80.60	+2.57	79	Panama	66.12	+0.41	143	Niger	53.72	+1.24
16	Estonia	80.50	+0.01	80	Tunisia	66.11	+1.51	144	Tanzania	53.63	+0.34
17	Finland	80.35	+0.05	81	Bhutan	66.08	+0.20	145	Mali	53.50	+0.23
18	Australia	80.13	-0.01	82	South Africa	66.03	+1.37	146	Nigeria	52.89	+1.37
19	Latvia	79.59	+0.33	83	Qatar	65.89	+0.64	147	Grenada	52.71	+0.07
20	Mauritius	79.58	+1.29	84	Malta	65.43	+0.28	148	Mauritania	51.99	+0.92
21	Iceland	79.35	+0.05	85	El Salvador	65.41	+0.21	149	Gambia, The	51.72	+0.23
22	Canada	79.26	+0.38	86	Botswana	65.40	+0.46	150	Marshall Islands	51.62	+0.01
23	Ireland	78.91	-0.51	87	Zambia	65.08	+1.48	151	Burkina Faso	51.57	+0.12
24	Germany	78.90	0.00	88	San Marino	64.74	+2.27	152	Guinea	51.51	+2.02
25	Azerbaijan	78.64	+7.10	89	Bosnia and Herzegovina	63.82	+0.27	153	Benin	51.42	+0.13
26	Austria	78.57	+0.03	90	Samoa	63.77	+0.01	154	Lao PDR	51.26	+0.11
27	Thailand	78.45	+1.06	91	Tonga	63.59	+0.03	155	Zimbabwe	50.44	+1.92
28	Kazakhstan	77.89	+0.73	92	Saudi Arabia	63.50	+1.62	156	Bolivia	50.32	+0.15
29	Rwanda	77.88	+4.15	93	St. Lucia	63.02	+0.06	157	Algeria	49.65	+2.06
30	Spain	77.68	+0.07	94	Vanuatu	62.87	-0.21	158	Kiribati	49.07	+0.33
31	Russian Federation	77.37	+0.61	95	Uruguay	62.60	+0.34	159	Ethiopia	49.06	+0.91
32	France	77.29	+0.99	96	Seychelles	62.41	-0.01	160	Micronesia, Fed. Sts.	48.99	0.00
33	Poland	76.95	-0.36	97	Kuwait	62.20	+0.75	161	Madagascar	48.89	+0.71
34	Portugal	76.55	-0.07	98	Guatemala	62.17	+1.01	162	Sudan	48.84	+3.75
35	Czech Republic	76.10	+0.05	99	Djibouti	62.02	+8.87	163	Sierra Leone	48.74	+0.15
36	Netherlands	76.04	+0.01	100	Sri Lanka	61.22	+1.80	164	Comoros	48.66	+0.14
37	Belarus	75.77	+0.72	101	Fiji	61.15	+0.04	165	Suriname	48.05	-0.05
38	Switzerland	75.69	+0.01	102	Dominican Republic	61.12	+0.55	166	Cameroon	47.78	+0.83
39	Japan	75.65	+0.05	103	Dominica	61.07	+0.04	167	Afghanistan	47.77	+10.64
40	Slovenia	75.61	+0.02	104	Jordan	60.98	+1.42	168	Burundi	47.41	+0.73
41	Armenia	75.37	+2.06	105	Trinidad and Tobago	60.81	-0.12	169	Gabon	45.58	-0.23
42	Slovak Republic	75.17	+0.29	106	Lesotho	60.60	+0.19	170	São Tomé and Príncipe	45.14	+0.30
43	Turkey	74.33	+4.34	107	Namibia	60.53	+0.24	171	Iraq	44.72	+0.04
44	Kosovo	74.15	+0.44	108	Papua New Guinea	60.12	+1.19	171	Myanmar	44.72	+0.51
45	Belgium	73.95	+2.24	109	Brazil	60.01	+2.96	173	Angola	43.86	+2.16
46	China	73.64	+8.64	110	Nepal	59.63	-0.32	174	Liberia	43.51	-0.04
47	Moldova	73.54	+0.38	111	Malawi	59.59	+0.84	175	Guinea-Bissau	42.85	+0.27
48	Serbia	73.49	+0.17	112	Antigua and Barbuda	59.48	+0.06	176	Bangladesh	41.97	+0.91
49	Israel	73.23	+0.64	113	Paraguay	59.40	+0.41	177	Equatorial Guinea	41.94	+0.28
50	Montenegro	72.73	+0.20	114	Ghana	59.22	+2.06	178	Timor-Leste	41.60	+1.71
51	Italy	72.56	-0.15	115	Solomon Islands	59.17	+0.33	179	Syrian Arab Republic	41.57	+0.02
52	Romania	72.30	-0.53	116	West Bank and Gaza	59.11	+0.39	180	Congo, Rep.	39.83	+0.36
53	Hungary	72.28	+0.34	117	Eswatini	58.95	+0.13	181	Chad	39.36	+1.15
54	Mexico	72.09	-0.18	118	Bahamas, The	58.90	+0.77	182	Haiti	38.52	+0.11
55	Brunei Darussalam	72.03	+1.85	119	Argentina	58.80	+0.87	183	Central African Republic	36.90	+2.67
56	Chile	71.81	+0.37	120	Egypt, Arab Rep.	58.56	+2.74	184	Congo, Dem. Rep.	36.85	+0.67
57	Cyprus	71.71	+0.44	121	Honduras	58.22	+0.09	185	South Sudan	35.34	+2.04
58	Croatia	71.40	+0.34	122	Côte d'Ivoire	58.00	+4.94	186	Libya	33.44	+0.23
59	Bulgaria	71.24	+0.11	123	Ecuador	57.94	+0.12	187	Yemen, Rep.	32.41	-0.59
60	Morocco	71.02	+2.46	124	Philippines	57.68	+1.36	188	Venezuela, RB	30.61	-0.24
61	Kenya	70.31	+5.25	125	Belize	57.13	+0.02	189	Eritrea	23.07	+0.13
62	Bahrain	69.85	+1.82	126	Tajikistan	57.11	+0.08	190	Somalia	20.04	+0.06
63	Albania	69.51	+0.50	127	Uganda	57.06	+0.65				
64	Puerto Rico (U.S.)	69.46	+0.20	128	Iran, Islamic Rep.	56.98	+2.34				

Source: Doing Business database.

Note: The ease of doing business rankings are benchmarked to May 1, 2018, and based on the average of each economy's ease of doing business scores for the 10 topics included in the aggregate ranking. For the economies for which the data cover two cities, scores are a population-weighted average for the two cities. A positive change indicates an improvement in the score between 2016/17 and 2017/18 (and therefore an improvement in the overall business environment as measured by *Doing Business*), while a negative change indicates a deterioration and a 0.00 indicates no change in the score.

TABLE 1A.1 Who reduced regulatory complexity and cost or strengthened legal institutions in 2017/18—and what did they do?

Feature	Economies	Some highlights
<b>Making it easier to start a business</b>		
Simplified preregistration and registration formalities (publication, notarization, inspection, and other requirements)	Afghanistan; Argentina; Bolivia; Brazil; Brunei Darussalam; Burundi; Côte d'Ivoire; Ethiopia; Guatemala; India; Mauritania; Morocco; Myanmar; New Zealand; Nigeria; Pakistan; Qatar; South Africa; Sudan; Thailand; Togo; Turkey; Vietnam	Argentina made starting a business easier by introducing an expedited process for limited liability companies that includes company incorporation, book legalization and tax and social security registration. India made starting a business easier by fully integrating multiple application forms into a general incorporation form.
Abolished or reduced minimum capital requirement	Central African Republic; Guatemala; Kuwait; Timor-Leste; Togo	Kuwait made starting a business easier by eliminating the paid-in minimum capital requirement.
Cut or simplified postregistration procedures (tax registration, social security registration, licensing)	Armenia; Belarus; Brunei Darussalam; Chile; Georgia; India; Indonesia; Kazakhstan; Mauritius; Peru; Philippines; Rwanda; Singapore; Zimbabwe	Indonesia made starting a business easier by combining different social security registrations. Mauritius made starting a business easier by linking the database of the business registry with the database of the social security office. Singapore made starting a business easier by abolishing corporate seals.
Introduced or improved online procedures	Bolivia; China; Guatemala; Malaysia; Nigeria; Tanzania; Togo; United Arab Emirates; Vietnam	Nigeria made starting a business easier by introducing an online platform to pay stamp duties. Tanzania made starting a business easier by launching online company registrations. Vietnam made starting a business easier by publishing the notice of incorporation online.
Introduced or improved one-stop shop	Cameroon; Chad; Djibouti; Egypt, Arab. Rep; Gabon; Guinea; Moldova; Togo; Tunisia	Moldova made starting a business easier by removing the requirement to separately file for registration with the National Bureau of Statistics. Tunisia made starting a business easier by combining different registrations at the one-stop shop.
<b>Making it easier to deal with construction permits</b>		
Reduced time for processing permit applications	Azerbaijan; Botswana; China; El Salvador; Ethiopia; Greece; Guinea; India; Kosovo; Malaysia; Malta; Russian Federation; Serbia; Sri Lanka; Taiwan, China; Zimbabwe	Sri Lanka made dealing with construction permits easier by reducing the processing times to issue several building certificates.
Streamlined procedures	Azerbaijan; Botswana; China; El Salvador; Greece; India; Kosovo; Malaysia; Malta; Serbia; Sri Lanka	Kosovo made dealing with construction permits easier by streamlining the inspection system through the use of an in-house engineer.
Adopted new building regulations	China; Côte d'Ivoire; Gabon; Ghana; Madagascar; Peru; Philippines; Togo	Ghana and Peru strengthened construction quality control by imposing stricter qualification requirements for professionals in charge of technical inspections. The Philippines made the construction sector safer by improving its risk management practices; latent defect liability insurance is now commonly obtained by industry players.
Improved transparency	Burundi; China (Beijing); India; Mauritania; Sri Lanka; Turkey; Uruguay	Burundi increased the transparency of dealing with construction permits by publishing regulations related to construction online free of charge. Uruguay improved the quality of its building regulations by creating an online portal that provides information on the requirements and fees to obtain a building permit.
Reduced fees	Azerbaijan; Cambodia; China; Gabon; Greece; Guinea; India; Macedonia, FYR; Madagascar; Niger; Togo	Macedonia, FYR made the construction permitting process less costly by reducing the land development fees.
Introduced or improved one-stop shop	Azerbaijan; Belarus; China; India; Sri Lanka; Taiwan, China; Zimbabwe	Taiwan, China, made dealing with construction permits less time-consuming by improving the efficiency of its single window counter in the Taipei City Construction Management Office. Zimbabwe made dealing with construction permits faster by adopting a one-stop shop for building plan approvals.
Introduced or improved electronic platforms or online services	China; India; Russian Federation; Serbia; Sri Lanka; Taiwan, China; Uruguay	Serbia reduced the time needed to obtain a construction permit by introducing an electronic application system.
<b>Making it easier to get electricity</b>		
Facilitated more reliable power supply and transparency of tariff information	Angola; Azerbaijan; Brazil (São Paulo); Gabon; Mozambique; Myanmar; Paraguay; Papua New Guinea; Rwanda; Saudi Arabia; South Africa; Togo; Thailand	Gabon improved the regulatory framework of the electricity sector; the national regulator now monitors the utility's performance on reliability of supply. Papua New Guinea improved the reliability of supply by expanding electricity generation capacities. Paraguay rolled out a Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition (SCADA) system to monitor power outages.
Improved process efficiency	Algeria; Armenia; Azerbaijan; Hong Kong SAR, China; India (Delhi); Mozambique; Niger; Russian Federation; Rwanda; United Kingdom	Niger made the process for getting an electricity connection faster by increasing the stock of material the utility carries and by allowing the internal wiring certificate of conformity to be obtained at the same time as the external connection works.
Streamlined approval process	Brunei Darussalam; China; France; Malaysia; Nigeria; Russian Federation; Thailand	Thailand streamlined procedures by setting up a dedicated task force at the utility that coordinates the external works, meter installation and electricity turn-on without the need for customer interaction.
Reduced connection costs	Azerbaijan; China; India (Delhi); Russian Federation; Togo; United Arab Emirates	India (Delhi) issued a regulation prescribing new electricity charges. The United Arab Emirates made getting electricity easier by eliminating all costs for commercial and industrial connections of up to 150 kVA.

## Ghana

### ✓ Dealing with construction permits

Ghana strengthened construction quality control by imposing stricter qualification requirements for professionals in charge of technical inspections.

### ✓ Trading across borders

Ghana made importing easier by implementing a paperless customs clearance processing system.

## Greece

### ✓ Dealing with construction permits

Greece streamlined its construction permitting process as building owners must now use their in-house engineer for the intermediate inspection, as opposed to the municipality.

### x Registering property

Greece made registering property more burdensome by requiring a property tax certificate for registering a property transfer.

## Grenada

### ✓ Getting credit

Grenada improved access to credit information through the introduction of regulations that govern the licensing and functioning of credit bureaus in the member states of the Eastern Caribbean Currency Union (ECCU).

## Guatemala

### ✓ Starting a business

Guatemala made starting a business easier by reducing the minimum capital requirement, reducing the registration fees and streamlining registration procedures.

## Guinea

### ✓ Starting a business

Guinea made starting a business easier by allowing registration with the labor promotion agency at the one-stop shop.

### ✓ Dealing with construction permits

Guinea made dealing with construction permits less expensive and time-consuming by reducing the cost and the time needed to obtain a building permit.

### ✓ Registering property

Guinea made property registration easier by reducing the property transfer fee.

### ✓ Trading across borders

Guinea made importing easier by eliminating pre-shipment inspections for imports.

### ✓ Enforcing contracts

Guinea made enforcing contracts easier by adopting a law that regulates all aspects of mediation as an alternative dispute resolution mechanism.

## Guinea-Bissau

### ✓ Enforcing contracts

Guinea-Bissau made enforcing contracts easier by adopting a law that regulates all aspects of mediation as an alternative dispute resolution mechanism.

## Haiti

### ✓ Getting credit

Haiti improved access to credit information by launching a new credit registry.

### Labor market regulation

Haiti amended its legislation pertaining to the 24-hour weekly rest period, weekly holiday and night work premiums, other work-related distribution of hours, services and minimum working age requirements.

## Hong Kong SAR, China

### ✓ Getting electricity

Hong Kong SAR, China, made the process of getting an electricity connection faster by establishing a specialized

task force to undertake the trenching, excavation and reinstatement of the underground cables.

## Hungary

### ✓ Paying taxes

Hungary made paying taxes less costly by decreasing the social tax rate paid by the employer and by reducing the corporate income tax rate to a flat rate.

## India

### ✓ Starting a business

India made starting a business easier by fully integrating multiple application forms into a general incorporation form. India also replaced the value added tax with the GST (Goods and Services Tax) for which the registration process is faster. These reforms apply to both Delhi and Mumbai. At the same time, Mumbai abolished the practice of site inspections for registering companies under the Shops and Establishments Act.

### ✓ Dealing with construction permits

India streamlined the process of obtaining a building permit and made it faster and less expensive to obtain a construction permit. It also improved building quality control by introducing decennial liability and insurance. This reform applies to both Delhi and Mumbai.

### ✓ Getting electricity

The Delhi Electricity Regulatory Commission reduced charges for low voltage connections. Getting electricity was also made easier in Delhi through a reduction in the time for the utility to carry out the external connection works.

### ✓ Getting credit

India strengthened access to credit by amending its insolvency law. Secured creditors are now given absolute priority over other claims

✓ Reform making it easier to do business ✗ Change making it more difficult to do business

<b>GRENADA</b>		<b>Latin America &amp; Caribbean</b>		<b>GNI per capita (US\$)</b>	
Ease of doing business rank (1–190)	147	Ease of doing business score (0–100)	52.71	Population	107,825
<b>Starting a business</b> (rank)	85	✓ <b>Getting credit</b> (rank)	144	<b>Trading across borders</b> (rank)	135
Score for starting a business (0–100)	87.26	Score for getting credit (0–100)	30.00	Score for trading across borders (0–100)	61.52
Procedures (number)	6	Strength of legal rights index (0–12)	6	Time to export	
Time (days)	15	Depth of credit information index (0–8)	0	Documentary compliance (hours)	13
Cost (% of income per capita)	14.0	Credit bureau coverage (% of adults)	0.0	Border compliance (hours)	101
Minimum capital (% of income per capita)	0.0	Credit registry coverage (% of adults)	0.0	Cost to export	
				Documentary compliance (US\$)	40
<b>Dealing with construction permits</b> (rank)	130	<b>Protecting minority investors</b> (rank)	132	Border compliance (US\$)	1,034
Score for dealing with construction permits (0–100)	62.53	Score for protecting minority investors (0–100)	43.33	Time to import	
Procedures (number)	15	Extent of disclosure index (0–10)	4	Documentary compliance (hours)	24
Time (days)	146	Extent of director liability index (0–10)	8	Border compliance (hours)	37
Cost (% of warehouse value)	1.7	Ease of shareholder suits index (0–10)	8	Cost to import	
Building quality control index (0–15)	5.0	Extent of shareholder rights index (0–10)	3	Documentary compliance (US\$)	50
		Extent of ownership and control index (0–10)	2	Border compliance (US\$)	1,256
		Extent of corporate transparency index (0–10)	1		
<b>Getting electricity</b> (rank)	89	<b>Paying taxes</b> (rank)	142	<b>Enforcing contracts</b> (rank)	80
Score for getting electricity (0–100)	73.34	Score for getting credit (0–100)	59.62	Score for enforcing contracts (0–100)	59.33
Procedures (number)	5	Payments (number per year)	42	Time (days)	688
Time (days)	38	Time (hours per year)	140	Cost (% of claim value)	32.6
Cost (% of income per capita)	169.4	Total tax and contribution rate (% of profit)	47.8	Quality of judicial processes index (0–18)	11.0
Reliability of supply and transparency of tariffs index (0–8)	3	Postfiling index (0–100)	48.85		
<b>Registering property</b> (rank)	146			<b>Resolving insolvency</b> (rank)	168
Score for registering property (0–100)	50.14			Score for resolving insolvency (0–100)	0.00
Procedures (number)	8			Time (years)	no practice
Time (days)	32			Cost (% of estate)	no practice
Cost (% of property value)	7.4			Recovery rate (cents on the dollar)	0.0
Quality of land administration index (0–30)	7.0			Strength of insolvency framework index (0–16)	0.0
<b>GUATEMALA</b>		<b>Latin America &amp; Caribbean</b>		<b>GNI per capita (US\$)</b>	
Ease of doing business rank (1–190)	98	Ease of doing business score (0–100)	62.17	Population	16,913,503
✓ <b>Starting a business</b> (rank)	89	<b>Getting credit</b> (rank)	22	<b>Trading across borders</b> (rank)	83
Score for starting a business (0–100)	86.71	Score for getting credit (0–100)	80.00	Score for trading across borders (0–100)	77.15
Procedures (number)	6	Strength of legal rights index (0–12)	9	Time to export	
Time (days)	15	Depth of credit information index (0–8)	7	Documentary compliance (hours)	48
Cost (% of income per capita)	18.1	Credit bureau coverage (% of adults)	7.0	Border compliance (hours)	36
Minimum capital (% of income per capita)	0.6	Credit registry coverage (% of adults)	24.2	Cost to export	
				Documentary compliance (US\$)	105
<b>Dealing with construction permits</b> (rank)	122	<b>Protecting minority investors</b> (rank)	174	Border compliance (US\$)	310
Score for dealing with construction permits (0–100)	64.72	Score for protecting minority investors (0–100)	31.67	Time to import	
Procedures (number)	11	Extent of disclosure index (0–10)	3	Documentary compliance (hours)	32
Time (days)	230	Extent of director liability index (0–10)	2	Border compliance (hours)	72
Cost (% of warehouse value)	6.3	Ease of shareholder suits index (0–10)	5	Cost to import	
Building quality control index (0–15)	11.0	Extent of shareholder rights index (0–10)	5	Documentary compliance (US\$)	37
		Extent of ownership and control index (0–10)	1	Border compliance (US\$)	405
		Extent of corporate transparency index (0–10)	3		
<b>Getting electricity</b> (rank)	44	<b>Paying taxes</b> (rank)	102	<b>Enforcing contracts</b> (rank)	176
Score for getting electricity (0–100)	84.12	Score for getting credit (0–100)	70.30	Score for enforcing contracts (0–100)	34.55
Procedures (number)	5	Payments (number per year)	8	Time (days)	1,402
Time (days)	44	Time (hours per year)	248	Cost (% of claim value)	26.5
Cost (% of income per capita)	515.4	Total tax and contribution rate (% of profit)	35.2	Quality of judicial processes index (0–18)	6.0
Reliability of supply and transparency of tariffs index (0–8)	7	Postfiling index (0–100)	33.04		
<b>Registering property</b> (rank)	86			<b>Resolving insolvency</b> (rank)	156
Score for registering property (0–100)	64.90			Score for resolving insolvency (0–100)	27.59
Procedures (number)	7			Time (years)	3.0
Time (days)	24			Cost (% of estate)	14.5
Cost (% of property value)	3.7			Recovery rate (cents on the dollar)	28.0
Quality of land administration index (0–30)	13.5			Strength of insolvency framework index (0–16)	4.0
<b>GUINEA</b>		<b>Sub-Saharan Africa</b>		<b>GNI per capita (US\$)</b>	
Ease of doing business rank (1–190)	152	Ease of doing business score (0–100)	51.51	Population	12,717,176
✓ <b>Starting a business</b> (rank)	111	<b>Getting credit</b> (rank)	144	✓ <b>Trading across borders</b> (rank)	167
Score for starting a business (0–100)	83.90	Score for getting credit (0–100)	30.00	Score for trading across borders (0–100)	47.82
Procedures (number)	6	Strength of legal rights index (0–12)	6	Time to export	
Time (days)	15	Depth of credit information index (0–8)	0	Documentary compliance (hours)	139
Cost (% of income per capita)	38.2	Credit bureau coverage (% of adults)	0.0	Border compliance (hours)	72
Minimum capital (% of income per capita)	5.4	Credit registry coverage (% of adults)	0.0	Cost to export	
				Documentary compliance (US\$)	128
✓ <b>Dealing with construction permits</b> (rank)	50	<b>Protecting minority investors</b> (rank)	149	Border compliance (US\$)	778
Score for dealing with construction permits (0–100)	74.04	Score for protecting minority investors (0–100)	40.00	Time to import	
Procedures (number)	15	Extent of disclosure index (0–10)	7	Documentary compliance (hours)	156
Time (days)	151	Extent of director liability index (0–10)	1	Border compliance (hours)	79
Cost (% of warehouse value)	1.6	Ease of shareholder suits index (0–10)	5	Cost to import	
Building quality control index (0–15)	12.0	Extent of shareholder rights index (0–10)	4	Documentary compliance (US\$)	180
		Extent of ownership and control index (0–10)	3	Border compliance (US\$)	809
		Extent of corporate transparency index (0–10)	4		
<b>Getting electricity</b> (rank)	146	<b>Paying taxes</b> (rank)	181	✓ <b>Enforcing contracts</b> (rank)	118
Score for getting electricity (0–100)	55.54	Score for getting credit (0–100)	38.93	Score for enforcing contracts (0–100)	53.87
Procedures (number)	4	Payments (number per year)	33	Time (days)	311
Time (days)	69	Time (hours per year)	400	Cost (% of claim value)	45.0
Cost (% of income per capita)	3,160.3	Total tax and contribution rate (% of profit)	61.4	Quality of judicial processes index (0–18)	5.0
Reliability of supply and transparency of tariffs index (0–8)	0	Postfiling index (0–100)	12.77		
✓ <b>Registering property</b> (rank)	138			<b>Resolving insolvency</b> (rank)	116
Score for registering property (0–100)	51.92			Score for resolving insolvency (0–100)	39.10
Procedures (number)	6			Time (years)	3.8
Time (days)	44			Cost (% of estate)	8.0
Cost (% of property value)	7.8			Recovery rate (cents on the dollar)	20.4
Quality of land administration index (0–30)	6.5			Strength of insolvency framework index (0–16)	9.0

Note: Most indicator sets refer to a case scenario in the largest business city of an economy, though for 11 economies the data are a population-weighted average for the two largest business cities. For some indicators a result of "no practice" may be recorded for an economy; see the data notes for more details. In starting a business, procedures (number), time (days) and cost (% of income per capita) are calculated as the average of both men and women. For the postfiling index, a result of "not applicable" may be recorded for an economy.